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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of Indigo Paints Private Limited

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Indigo Paints Private Limited ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2018, the Statement of Profit and Loss and Cash Flow Statement for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in Section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance and cash flows of the Company in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Companies (Accounting Standards) Rules, 2006 (as amended) specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 (as amended). This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial control that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We have taken into account the provisions of the Act, the Accounting and Auditing Standards and matters which are required to be included in the audit report under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made thereunder. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing, issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India, as specified under Section 143(10) of the Act. Those Standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal financial control relevant to the Company's preparation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of the accounting estimates made by the Company's Directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the financial statements.



Opinion

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the financial statements give the information required by the Act in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2018, its profit and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016 ("the Order") issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of Section 143 of the Act, we give in the "Annexure 1", a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order.
2. As required by Section 143 (3) of the Act, we report that:
 - (a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purpose of our audit;
 - (b) In our opinion proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books;
 - (c) The Balance Sheet, Statement of Profit and Loss and Cash Flow Statement dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account;
 - (d) In our opinion, the aforesaid financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with the Companies (Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2016;
 - (e) On the basis of written representations received from the directors as on March 31, 2018, and taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on March 31, 2018, from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164(2) of the Act;
 - (f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company with reference to these financial statements and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure 2" to this report; and
 - (g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - i. The Company has disclosed the impact of pending litigations on its financial position in its financial statements – Refer Note 29 to the financial statements;
 - ii. The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses;
 - iii. There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company; and



- iv. The disclosure with respect to holding of and dealings in Specified Bank Notes is not applicable to the Company for the year ended March 31, 2018 and accordingly have not been reported by us.

For **SRBC & CO LLP**

Chartered Accountants

ICAI Firm Registration Number: 524982E/T/100003



per **Tridevul Khandelwal**
Partner

Membership Number: 501160



Place of Signature: Pune

Date: September 05, 2018

Annexure 1 referred to in paragraph 1 under the heading "Reporting on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements" of our report of even date

Re: Indigo Paints Private Limited ('the Company')

- (i) (a) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of fixed assets.
- (b) All fixed assets have been physically verified by the management during the year and no material discrepancies were identified on such verification.
- (c) Read with note 9.1 of financial statements. According to the information and explanations given by the management, the title deeds of immovable properties included in property, plant and equipment are held in the name of the Company.
- (ii) The management has conducted physical verification of inventory at reasonable intervals during the year and no material discrepancies were noticed on such physical verification.
- (iii) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not granted any loans, secured or unsecured to companies, firms, limited liability partnerships or other parties covered in the register maintained under Section 189 of the Act. Accordingly, the provisions of clause 3(iii) (a), (b) and (c) of the Order are not applicable to the Company and hence not commented upon.
- (iv) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, there are no loans, investments, guarantees, and securities given in respect of which provisions of Section 185 and 186 of the Act are applicable and hence not commented upon.
- (v) The Company has not accepted any deposits within the meaning of Sections 73 to 76 of the Act and the Companies (Acceptance of Deposits) Rules, 2014 (as amended). Accordingly, the provisions of clause 3(v) of the Order are not applicable and hence not commented upon.
- (vi) We have broadly reviewed the books of account maintained by the Company pursuant to the rules made by the Central Government for the maintenance of cost records under Section 148(1) of the Act, related to the manufacture of paints, and are of the opinion that prima facie, the specified accounts and records have been made and maintained. We have not, however, made a detailed examination of the same.
- (vii)(a) Undisputed statutory dues including provident fund, employees' state insurance, profession tax, income-tax, sales tax, service tax, excise duty, custom duty, value added tax, goods and service tax, cess and other statutory dues have generally been regularly deposited with the appropriate authorities though there has been slight delay in few cases.
- (b) According to the information and explanations given to us, no undisputed amounts payable in respect of provident fund, employees' state insurance, profession tax, income-tax, sales tax, service tax, sales tax, custom duty, excise duty, value added tax, goods and service tax, cess and other statutory dues were outstanding, at the year end, for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.



- (c) According to the information and explanations given to us, there are no dues to provident fund, employees' state insurance, profession tax, sales tax, service tax, excise duty, custom duty, value added tax, goods and service tax, cess and other statutory dues which have not been deposited on account of any dispute except for income tax and excise duty related matters as below:

Name of Statute	Nature of dues	Amount of demand# (Rs)	Period to which it relates	Forum where dispute is pending
Income Tax Act, 1961	Income Tax	2,152,610	FY 2009-10	Income Tax Appellate Tribunal
		1,745,520	FY 2010-11 & FY 2012-13	Commissioner of Income-tax (Appeals), Cochin
The Central Excise Act, 1944	Excise duty, Service tax and penalty	1,954,063 (net of Rs. 16,155 paid under protest)	FY 2012-13 FY 2013-14	Commissioner of Central Excise (Appeals), Cochin

excluding interest and penalty thereon.

- (viii) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given by the management, the Company has not defaulted in repayment of dues to bank and financial institution. According to the information and explanations given by the management, the Company did not have any outstanding dues in respect of government or debenture holders during the year.
- (ix) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given by the management, the Company has utilized the monies raised during the year in the nature of term loan for the purposes for which they were raised. The Company has not raised any money way of initial public offer / further public offer / debt instruments.
- (x) Based upon the audit procedures performed for the purpose of reporting the true and fair view of the financial statements and according to the information and explanations given by the management, we report that no fraud by the Company or no material fraud on the Company by the officers and employees of the Company has been noticed or reported during the year.
- (xi) According to the information and explanations given by the management, the provisions of Section 197 read with Schedule V of the Act is not applicable to the Company and hence reporting under clause 3(xi) of the Order are not applicable and hence not commented upon.
- (xii) In our opinion, the Company is not a nidhi Company. Therefore, the provisions of clause 3(xii) of the Order are not applicable to the Company and hence not commented upon.
- (xiii) According to the information and explanations given by the management, transactions with the related parties are in compliance with Section 188 of the Act where applicable and the details have been disclosed in the notes to the financial statements, as required by the applicable accounting standards. The provisions of Section 177 of the Act are not applicable to the Company and accordingly reporting under clause 3(xiii) insofar as it relates to Section 177 of the Act is not applicable to the Company and hence not commented upon.
- (xiv) According to the information and explanations given to us and on an overall examination of the balance sheet, the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or fully or partly convertible debentures during the year under review and hence, reporting requirements under clause 3(xiv) of the Order are not applicable to the Company and, not commented upon.



- (xv) According to the information and explanations given by the management, the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with directors or persons connected with him as referred to in Section 192 of the Act.
- (xvi) According to the information and explanations given to us, the provisions of Section 45-4A of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934 are not applicable to the Company.

For **SRBC & CO LLP**
Chartered Accountants
ICAI Firm Registration Number: 324982E/E300003



per **Udaylal Khandelwal**
Partner
Membership Number: 501160



Place of Signature: Pune
Date: September 05, 2018

Annexure 2 referred to in paragraph 2(f) under the heading "Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements" of our report on even date

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

To the Members of Indigo Paints Private Limited

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of Indigo Paints Private Limited ("the Company") as of March 31, 2018 in conjunction with our audit of the financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's Management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to the Company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Act.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing as specified under Section 143(10) of the Act, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls and, both issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to these financial statements was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting with reference to these financial statements and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to these financial statements, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the internal financial controls system over financial reporting with reference to these financial statements.



Meaning of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting With Reference to these Financial Statements

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting with reference to these financial statements is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting with reference to these financial statements includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting With Reference to these Financial Statements

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to these financial statements, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to these financial statements to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting with reference to these financial statements may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to these financial statements and such internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to these financial statements were operating effectively as at March 31, 2018, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

For **SRBC & CO LLP**
Chartered Accountants
ICAI Firm Registration Number: 324982E/E300003


per **Tridevial Khandelwal**
Partner
Membership Number: 501160



Place of Signature: Pune
Date: September 05, 2018

Indigo Paints Private Limited
Balance sheet as at March 31, 2018
 (All amounts in Rupees, unless otherwise stated)

	Note	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017
Equity and liabilities			
Shareholders' funds			
Share capital	3	468,977,700	468,977,700
Reserves and surplus	4	713,319,537	687,619,391
		1,182,297,237	1,156,597,091
Non-current liabilities			
Long-term borrowings	5	89,128,529	82,400,550
Long-term provisions	6	-	4,125,116
Other long-term liabilities	8	17,891,012	-
		107,019,541	86,525,672
Current liabilities			
Short-term borrowings	7	226,375,866	234,836,320
Trade payables	8	-	-
Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises		87,908,647	69,259,213
Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises		1,039,998,062	777,639,891
Other current liabilities	8	148,774,364	110,025,476
Short-term provisions	6	1,458,157	6,811,099
		1,804,515,096	1,218,591,999
TOTAL		2,793,831,674	2,461,714,762
Assets			
Non-current assets			
Fixed assets			
Property, plant and equipment	9.1	639,112,302	498,919,496
Intangible assets	9.2	310,365,149	412,525,944
Capital work-in-progress		24,630,152	23,100,126
Deferred tax assets (net)	10	-	-
Loans and advances	11	53,041,697	9,020,903
Other non-current assets	14.2	20,858,778	95,000
		1,028,608,078	943,661,469
Current assets			
Current investments	12	150,000,000	154,999,850
Inventories	13	507,648,070	475,391,807
Trade receivables	14.1	1,040,652,424	784,699,593
Cash and bank balances	15	46,438,448	77,111,413
Loans and advances	11	20,484,654	21,766,609
Other current assets	14.2	-	4,084,021
		1,765,223,596	1,518,053,293
TOTAL		2,793,831,674	2,461,714,762

Summary of significant accounting policies 2.1

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

As per our report of even date.

For **SRBC & CO LLP**
 Chartered Accountants

ICAI Firm Registration No.: 324982ET300003

per Tridestal Kharelwal
 Partner
 Membership No.: 501160

Place: Pune
 Date: September 5, 2018



For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of
Indigo Paints Private Limited

Hemant Julian

Hemant Julian
 Managing Director
 DIN: 82942

Place: Pune
 Date: September 5, 2018



For **SUTON BOSE**
 COMPANY SECRETARY
 A-43755

Anita Julian

Anita Julian
 Director
 DIN: 85411

Place: Pune
 Date: September 5, 2018

Indigo Paints Private Limited
Statement of profit and loss for the year ended March 31, 2018
 (All amounts in Rupees, unless otherwise stated)

	Note	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017
Income			
Revenue from operations (gross of discounts and excise)		4,431,223,351	3,532,957,577
Less: discounts		249,624,073	207,328,187
Less: excise duty		64,039,633	438,083,724
Revenue from operations (net)	16.1	4,117,559,625	2,867,545,666
Other operating revenue (net)	16.2	20,455,139	24,565,320
Other income	17	4,601,558	10,963,508
Total revenue		4,142,616,322	2,903,074,494
Expenses			
Cost of raw material and components consumed	18	2,216,198,511	1,680,161,115
Purchase of traded goods	19	55,695,229	64,706,205
Decrease/(increase) in inventories of finished goods and traded goods	19	29,133,477	(119,888,690)
Employee benefits expense	20	292,932,488	236,936,165
Depreciation and amortization expense	21	170,070,475	140,703,309
Finance costs	22	38,073,960	26,614,689
Other expenses	23	1,304,736,282	1,049,655,923
Total expenses		4,106,840,422	3,078,888,707
Profit/(loss) before tax and exceptional item		35,775,900	(175,814,213)
Exceptional item (refer note 40)		13,156,759	-
Profit/(loss) before tax		22,619,141	(175,814,213)
Tax expenses			
- Current tax		-	-
- MAT credit entitlement written off		-	2,722,019
- Deferred tax reversal		-	(19,848,286)
- Adjustment of tax relating to earlier periods		(3,083,022)	-
Total tax benefit		(3,083,022)	(17,126,267)
Profit/(loss) for the year		25,702,163	(158,687,946)
Earnings per equity share (nominal value of equity share Rs.10 (March 31, 2017: Rs.10))	24		
Computed on the basis of profit/(loss) for the year			
- Basic		0.90	(5.55)
- Diluted		0.57	(5.55)

Summary of significant accounting policies 2.1

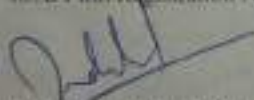
The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

As per our report of even date.

For SRBC & CO LLP

Chartered Accountants

ICAI Firm Registration No.: 324982E/E300003



per Tridevial Khandelwal

Partner

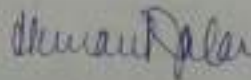
Membership No.: 501160

Place: Pune

Date: September 5, 2018



For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of
Indigo Paints Private Limited



Hernant Jalan
 Managing Director
 DIN: 80942

Place: Pune

Date: September 5, 2018




SUJAY BOSE
 COMPANY SECRETARY
 A-43755

Anita Jalan

Anita Jalan

Director

DIN: 85411

Place: Pune

Date: September 5, 2018

Indigo Paints Private Limited
Cash Flow Statement for the year ended March 31, 2018
 (All amounts in Rupees, unless otherwise stated)

	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017
Cash flow from operating activities		
Net profit/(loss) before tax and exceptional item	22,619,141	(175,814,213)
Adjustment to reconcile profit/(loss) before tax to net cash flow:		
Depreciation and amortization expense	170,070,873	140,703,309
Provision for doubtful debts / bad debts written off	9,571,268	5,199,830
Gain on sale of fixed assets (net)	-	(380,000)
Fixed assets - written off (including assets destroyed by fire)	13,156,759	-
Interest expense	38,073,960	26,614,689
Interest income	(1,704,794)	(4,365,412)
Dividend income	(391,854)	(1,144,017)
Operating profit/(loss) before working capital changes	251,334,955	(9,383,810)
Movement in working capital:		
Increase in trade payables and other liabilities	322,409,172	107,326,487
(Decrease) in provisions	(6,451,753)	(300,955)
(Increase) in trade receivables	(205,524,099)	(189,034,187)
(Increase) in inventories	(77,256,263)	(158,061,774)
Decrease/(increase) in loans and advances	1,284,293	(8,867,244)
Cash from/(used in) operations	276,796,265	(258,325,483)
Direct taxes paid	(419,113)	(441,858)
Net cash flow from/(used in) operating activities (A)	276,377,152	(258,767,341)
Cash flows from investing activities		
Purchase of fixed assets including movement in C/WIP, capital advances and capital creditors	(248,148,938)	(97,406,671)
Proceeds from sale of fixed assets	405,258	16,660,406
Sale of current investments	4,999,850	199,076,793
Proceeds from bank deposits during original maturity of more than three months	9,940,068	29,856,977
Interest received	5,085,037	3,241,791
Dividends received on mutual funds	391,854	1,144,013
Net cash flow (used in)/from investing activities (B)	(227,326,873)	152,572,409
Cash flows from financing activities		
Proceeds from long-term borrowings	23,634,831	16,571,439
(Repayments)/proceeds from short-term borrowings (net)	(28,460,454)	55,029,418
Interest paid	(38,957,553)	(25,731,096)
Net cash flow used in)/from financing activities (C)	(43,783,176)	45,869,761
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents (A + B + C)	(732,897)	(60,325,171)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	46,967,490	30,326,567
On account of Amalgamation Pursuant to High court order (refer note 41)	-	77,166,994
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	46,234,593	46,967,490
Components of cash and cash equivalents		
Cash on hand	934,308	2,190,347
Balances with banks		
- On current accounts	45,300,285	44,777,143
Total cash and cash equivalents (refer note 15)	46,234,593	46,967,490

Summary of significant accounting policies

2.1

As per our report of even date

For **SRBC & CO LLP**

Chartered Accountants

ICAI Firm Registration No.: 324982/E/300003

per **Udaya Khandewal**
Partner

Membership No.: 501160

Place: Pune

Date: September 3, 2018



For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of
Indigo Paints Private Limited

Munish Jain

Hemant Jain
Managing Director
DIN: 80942

Place: Pune

Date: September 5, 2018



Susob Bose
SUSOB BOSE
COMPANY SECRETARY
A-43755

Anita Jain

Anita Jain
Director
DIN: 85411

Place: Pune

Date: September 5, 2018

Indigo Paints Private Limited
Notes to financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2018
(All amounts in Rupees, unless otherwise stated)

1.1 Corporate information

Indigo Paints Private Limited ("the Company") is a private limited company domiciled in India. The Company is engaged in manufacture and sale of decorative paints and operates with its manufacturing facilities in Jodhpur (Rajasthan), Raheja (Maharashtra), Kochi (Kerala) and Pondicherry (Tamil Nadu). The CIN of the Company is U241149NP20007920140001.

2.1 Basis of preparation

The financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with the generally accepted accounting principles in India (Indian GAAP). The Company has prepared these financial statements to comply in all material respects with the accounting standards notified under section 133 of the Companies Act 2013 ("the Act"), read together with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounting) Rules, 2014 and the Companies (Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2016. The financial statements have been prepared on an accrual basis and under the historical cost convention.

The accounting policies adopted in the preparation of financial statements are consistent with those of previous year.

2.1 Summary of significant accounting policies

(a) Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Indian GAAP requires the management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses and the disclosure of contingent liabilities, at the end of the reporting period. Although these estimates are based on the management's best knowledge of current events and actions, uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in the outcomes requiring a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets or liabilities in future periods.

(b) Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment, capital work in progress are stated at cost, net of accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any. The cost comprises purchase price, borrowing costs if capitalization criteria are met, directly attributable cost of bringing the asset to its working condition for the intended use and initial estimate of decommissioning, removing and similar liabilities. Any trade discounts and rebates are deducted in arriving at the purchase price.

Subsequent expenditure related to an item of property, plant and equipment is added to its book value only if it increases the future benefits from the existing asset beyond its previously assessed standard of performance. All other expenses on existing property, plant and equipment, including day-to-day repair and maintenance expenditure and cost of replacing parts, are charged to the Statement of profit and loss for the period during which such expenses are incurred.

Items of stores and spares that meet the definition of property, plant and equipment are capitalised at cost and depreciated over their useful life. Otherwise, such items are classified as inventories.

Capital work in progress includes the cost of fixed assets that are not yet ready for their intended use at the balance sheet date.

Gains or losses arising from derecognition of property, plant and equipment are measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and are recognised in the Statement of profit and loss when the asset is derecognised.

The Company identifies and determines cost of each component/ part of the asset separately, if the component/ part has a cost which is significant as the total cost of the asset and has useful life that is materially different from that of the remaining asset.

(c) Depreciation on property, plant and equipment

Depreciation on property, plant and equipment is calculated using straight line method using the rates arrived at based on the useful lives as prescribed under Schedule II to the Act. The identified components are depreciated separately over their useful lives, the remaining components are depreciated over the life of the principal asset.

The Company has used the following rates to provide depreciation on its property, plant and equipment:

Assets	Useful lives prescribed in Schedule II of the Act (years)
Factory building	30
Office building	40
Plant and machinery	5 to 15
Furniture and fixture	10
Electrical installation and equipment	10
Office equipments	10
Computers and peripherals	3
Vehicles	8

Leasehold improvements are depreciated on a straight line basis over the period of the lease or useful life whichever is lower. The lease term is five years.

The management has estimated, supported by internal technical evaluation, the useful life of certain plant and machinery to be less than those indicated in Schedule II of the Act.

The residual values, useful lives and methods of depreciation of property, plant and equipment are reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate.



Indigo Paints Private Limited
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(d) Intangible assets

Intangible assets acquired separately are measured on initial recognition at cost. Following initial recognition, intangible assets are carried at cost less accumulated amortization and accumulated impairment losses, if any. Gains or losses arising from derecognition of an intangible asset are measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and are recognized in the Statement of profit and loss when the asset is derecognized.

The amortization period and the amortization method are reviewed at least at each financial year end. If the expected useful life of the asset is significantly different from previous estimates, the amortization period is changed accordingly. If there has been a significant change in the expected pattern of economic benefits from the asset, the amortization method is changed to reflect the changed pattern. Such changes are accounted for in accordance with AS 3 Net Profit or Loss for the Period, Prior Period Items and Changes in Accounting Policies.

Technical know how

Technical know how fees is amortized over its useful life of five years.

Computer software

Software licenses without useful economic life are charged off to the Statement of profit and loss at the year of purchase. Software with perpetual licenses are capitalized and the cost is amortised on a straight line method over a period of ten years.

Goodwill arising on amalgamation

Goodwill arising on amalgamation is accounted in accordance with AS-14, Accounting for Amalgamations, and is amortised over a period of five years.

(e) Leases

- Where the Company is a lessee

Leases, where the lessee effectively retains substantially all the risks and benefits of ownership of the leased item, are classified as operating leases. Operating lease payments are recognized as an expense in the Statement of profit and loss on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

- Where the Company is a lessor

Leases in which the Company does not transfer substantially all the risks and benefits of ownership of the asset are classified as operating leases. Assets subject to operating leases are included in fixed assets. Lease income on an operating lease is recognized in the Statement of profit and loss on a straight-line basis over the lease term. Costs, including depreciation, are recognized as an expense in the Statement of profit and loss. Initial direct costs such as legal costs, brokerage costs, etc. are recognized immediately in the Statement of profit and loss.

(f) Borrowing costs

Borrowing cost includes interest and amortization of ancillary costs incurred in connection with the arrangement of borrowings.

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of an asset that necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale are capitalized as part of the cost of the respective asset. All other borrowing costs are expensed in the period they occur.

(g) Impairment of fixed assets

The Company assesses at each reporting date whether there is an indication that an asset may be impaired. If any indication exists, or when annual impairment testing for an asset is required, the Company estimates the asset's recoverable amount. An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's or cash-generating unit's (CGU) net selling price and its value in use. The recoverable amount is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or groups of assets. Where the carrying amount of an asset or CGU exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset is considered impaired and is written down to its recoverable amount. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. In determining net selling price, recent market transactions are taken into account, if available. If no such transactions can be identified, an appropriate valuation model is used.

The Company bases its impairment calculation on detailed budgets and forecast calculations which are prepared separately for each of the Company's CGU in which the individual assets are allocated. These budgets and forecast calculations are generally covering a period of five years. For longer periods, a long term growth rate is calculated and applied to project future cash flows after the fifth year.

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Indigo Paints Private Limited
Notes to financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2018
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(B) Investments

Investments, which are readily realizable and intended to be held for not more than one year from the date on which such investments are made, are classified as current investments. All other investments are classified as long-term investments.

On initial recognition, all investments are measured at cost. The cost comprises purchase price and directly attributable acquisition charges such as brokerage, fees and duties. If an investment is acquired, or partly acquired, by the issue of shares or other securities, the acquisition cost is the fair value of the securities issued. If an investment is acquired in exchange for another asset, the acquisition is determined by reference to the fair value of the asset given up or by reference to the fair value of the investment acquired, whichever is more clearly evident.

Current investments are carried in the financial statements at lower of cost and fair value determined on an individual investment basis. Long-term investments are carried at cost. However, provision for diminution in value is made to recognize a decline other than temporary in the value of the investments.

On disposal of an investment, the difference between its carrying amount and net disposal proceeds is charged or credited to the Statement of Profit and Loss.

(C) Inventories

Raw materials and components are valued at lower of cost and net realizable value. However, materials and other items held for use in the production of inventories are not written down below cost if the finished products in which they will be incorporated are expected to be sold at or above cost. Cost of raw materials, components and stores and spares is determined on weighted average basis.

Finished goods are valued at lower of cost and net realizable value. Cost includes direct materials and labour and a proportion of manufacturing overheads based on normal operating capacity. Cost of finished goods includes excise duty. Cost is determined on weighted average basis.

Traded goods are valued at lower of cost and net realizable value. Cost is determined on weighted average basis.

Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less estimated costs of completion and estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

Cost includes cost of purchase and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition.

(D) Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognized to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the revenue can be reliably measured. The following specific recognition criteria must also be met before revenue is recognized:

Sale of goods

Revenue from sale of goods is recognized when all the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have been passed to the buyer, usually on delivery of the goods. The Company collects Goods and Service Tax (GST), sales taxes and value added taxes (VAT) on behalf of the government and therefore, these are not economic benefits flowing to the Company. Hence, they are excluded from revenue. Excise duty, where applicable, is deducted from revenue (gross) and is the amount that is included in the revenue (gross) and not the net amount of liability arising during the year.

Deferred Income

Deferred income on timing machines: The Company amortizes the payment received from the customers against the timing machines over a period of four year, which approximates the life of the timing machines.

Interest

Interest income is recognized on a time proportion basis taking into account the amount outstanding and the applicable interest rate. Interest income is included under the head "other income" in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Dividends

Dividend income is recognized when the Company's right to receive dividend is established by the reporting date.

(E) Foreign currency translation

(i) Initial recognition

Foreign currency transactions are recorded in the reporting currency, by applying to the foreign currency amount the exchange rate between the reporting currency and the foreign currency at the date of the transaction.

(ii) Conversion

Foreign currency monetary items are remeasured using the exchange rate prevailing at the reporting date. Non-monetary items, which are measured in terms of historical cost denominated in a foreign currency, are reported using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction. Non-monetary items, which are measured at fair value or other similar valuations denominated in a foreign currency, are translated using the exchange rate at the date when such value was determined.

(iii) Exchange differences

Exchange differences arising on the settlement of monetary items, or on reporting such monetary items of Companies in currencies different from those at which they were initially recorded during the year, or reported in previous financial statements, are recognized as income or as expenses in the year in which they arise.



Indigo Paints Private Limited
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(i) Retirement and other employee benefits

Retirement benefits in the form of provident fund is a defined contribution scheme. The contributions are charged to the Statement of profit and loss when the contribution to the respective fund is made. The Company has no obligation, other than the contribution payable to provident fund.

The Company operates one defined benefit plan for its employees, viz gratuity. The cost of providing benefit under these plan is determined on the basis of actuarial valuation at each year-end. Actuarial valuation is carried out using the projected unit credit method. Actuarial gains and losses are recognised in full in the period in which they occur in the Statement of profit and loss.

(iii) Income taxes

Tax expense comprises current and deferred tax. Current income-tax is measured at the amount expected to be paid to the tax authorities in accordance with the Income Tax Act, 1961 enacted in India. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred income taxes reflect the impact of timing differences between taxable income and accounting income originating during the current year and reversal of timing differences for the earlier years. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable timing differences. Deferred tax assets are recognised for deductible timing differences only to the extent that there is reasonable certainty that sufficient future taxable income will be available against which such deferred tax assets can be realized. In situations where the Company has unabsorbed depreciation or carry forward tax losses, all deferred tax assets are recognised only if there is virtual certainty supported by convincing evidence that they can be realized against future taxable profits.

At each reporting date, the Company re-assesses unrecognized deferred tax assets. It recognizes unrecognized deferred tax assets to the extent that it has become reasonably certain or virtually certain, as the case may be, that sufficient future taxable income will be available against which such deferred tax assets can be realized.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date. The Company writes-down the carrying amount of deferred tax asset to the extent that it is no longer reasonably certain or virtually certain, as the case may be, that sufficient future taxable income will be available against which deferred tax asset can be realized. Any such write-down is reversed to the extent that it becomes reasonably certain or virtually certain, as the case may be, that sufficient future taxable income will be available.

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset, if a legally enforceable right exists to set-off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and the deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities relate to the same taxable entity and the same taxation authority.

Minimum alternate tax (MAT) paid in a year is charged to the statement of profit and loss as current tax. The company recognizes MAT credit available as an asset only to the extent that there is convincing evidence that the company will pay normal income tax during the specified period, i.e., the period for which MAT credit is allowed to be carried forward. In the year in which the company recognizes MAT credit as an asset in accordance with the Guidance Note on Accounting for Credit Available in respect of Minimum Alternate Tax under the Income Tax Act, 1961, the said asset is created by way of credit to the statement of profit and loss and shown as "MAT Credit Entitlement". The Company reviews the "MAT credit entitlement" asset at each reporting date and writes down the asset to the extent the Company does not have convincing evidence that it will pay normal tax during the specified period.

(x) Segment reporting

Identification of segments:

The company's operating businesses are organized and managed separately according to the nature of products and services provided, with each segment representing a strategic business unit that offers different products and serves different markets. The entire operation is governed by the same set of risks and returns and hence considered as representing a single primary segment and not analyzed separately. The analysis of geographical segments is based on the areas in which major operating divisions of the Company operate.

Segment accounting policies:

The Company prepares its segment information in conformity with the accounting policies adopted for preparing and presenting the financial statements of the Company as a whole.

(xi) Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share are calculated by dividing the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders (after deducting preference dividends and attributable taxes) by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period. The weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period is adjusted for events such as bonus issue that have changed the number of equity shares outstanding, without a corresponding change in resources.

For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share, the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period are adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares.

(xii) Provisions

A provision is recognized when the Company has a present obligation as a result of past events, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. Provisions are not discounted to their present value and are determined based on the best estimate required to settle the obligation at the reporting date. These estimates are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted for changes in circumstances and best estimates.



Judge Paints Private Limited
Notes to financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2018
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(q) Contingent liabilities

A contingent liability is a possible obligation that arises from past events whose existence will be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events beyond the control of the Company or a present obligation that is not recognized because it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation. A contingent liability also arises in extremely rare cases where there is a liability that cannot be recognized because it cannot be measured reliably. The Company does not recognize a contingent liability but discloses its existence in the financial statements.

(r) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents for the purposes of cash flow statements comprise cash at bank and in hand and short-term investments with an original maturity of three months or less.

(s) Employer stock compensation cost

Employees of the Company receive remuneration in the form of share based payment transactions, whereby employees render services as consideration for equity instruments (equity-settled transactions).

In accordance with the Guidance Note on Accounting for Employee Share-based payments issued by Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI), the cost of equity-settled transactions is measured using the intrinsic value method and recognized, together with a corresponding increase in the "Stock options outstanding account" in reserves. The cumulative expense recognized for equity-settled transactions at each reporting date until the vesting date reflects the extent to which the vesting period has expired and the Company's best estimate of the number of equity instruments that will ultimately vest. The expense or credit recognized in the Statement of profit and loss for a period represents the movement in cumulative expense recognized as at the beginning and end of that period and is recognized in employee benefits expense.

Where the terms of an equity-settled transaction award are modified, the minimum expense recognized is the expense as if the terms had not been modified, if the original terms of the award are met. An additional expense is recognized for any modification that increases the total intrinsic value of share-based payment transaction, or otherwise benefits to the employee as measured at the date of modification.

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Indigo Paints Private Limited
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(All amounts in Rupees, unless otherwise stated)

3. Share capital

	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017
Authorized shares (No.)		
43,000,000 (March 31, 2017: 43,000,000) equity shares of Rs. 10 each	43,000,000	43,000,000
3,250 (March 31, 2017: 3,250) Class A1 equity shares of Rs. 10 each	32,500	32,500
3,250 (March 31, 2017: 3,250) Class A2 equity shares of Rs. 10 each	32,500	32,500
247,355 (March 31, 2017: 247,355) 0.001% compulsory convertible cumulative preference shares (CCCPs) of Rs.100 each	24,735,500	24,735,500
15,830,950 (March 31, 2017: 15,830,950) 0.001% compulsory convertible cumulative preference shares (CCCPs) of Rs. 10 each	158,309,500	158,309,500
2,000,000 (March 31, 2017: 2,000,000) redeemable preference shares of Rs. 10 each	20,000,000	20,000,000
Issued, subscribed and fully paid-up shares (No.)		
28,587,000 (March 31, 2017: 28,587,000) equity shares of Rs. 10 each	285,870,000	285,870,000
3,250 (March 31, 2017: 3,250) Class A1 equity shares of Rs. 10 each	32,500	32,500
3,250 (March 31, 2017: 3,250) Class A2 equity shares of Rs. 10 each	32,500	32,500
69,904 (March 31, 2017: 69,904) series A1 fully and 0.001% compulsorily convertible cumulative preference shares ("CCCPs") of Rs.100 each	6,990,400	6,990,400
46,586 (March 31, 2017: 46,586) series A2 fully and 0.001% compulsorily convertible cumulative preference shares ("CCCPs") of Rs.100 each	4,658,600	4,658,600
13,086 (March 31, 2017: 13,086) series B fully and 0.001% compulsorily convertible cumulative preference shares ("CCCPs") of Rs.100 each	13,086,000	13,086,000
15,830,720 (March 31, 2017: 15,830,720) series C fully and 0.001% compulsorily convertible cumulative preference shares ("CCCPs") of Rs.10 each	158,307,200	158,307,200
Total share capital	468,877,700	468,877,700

For the purpose of below notes:

"Class A Equity Shares" shall mean collectively, the Class A1 Equity Shares and Class A2 Equity Shares;

"CCCPs" shall mean collectively, Series A1 CCCPs, Series A2 CCCPs, Series B CCCPs and Series C CCCPs.

a) Reconciliation of shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the reporting year

	March 31, 2018		March 31, 2017	
	Nos.	Amount	Nos.	Amount
Equity shares				
At the beginning of the year	28,593,500	285,935,000	439,900	4,399,000
Issued during the year	-	-	28,157,000	281,570,000
Outstanding at the end of the year	28,593,500	285,935,000	28,593,500	285,935,000
Preference shares				
At the beginning of the year	16,078,075	161,042,700	247,355	24,735,500
Issued during the year	-	-	15,830,720	158,307,200
Outstanding at the end of the year	16,078,075	161,042,700	16,878,075	168,342,700
Total		468,977,700		468,977,700

b) Terms/rights attached to equity shares

The Company has only three class of equity shares having a par value of Rs.10 per share. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share. The Class A Equity Shares shall carry such number of votes as may be necessary to permit each holder of the CCCPs to vote, on all matters submitted to the vote of the shareholders of the Company, in such manner and such proportion as each such holder of the CCCPs would have been entitled to, had such such holder of the CCCPs elected to convert its CCCPs into equity shares (based on the then applicable conversion price). At all other times, and in all other events (including the event of a holder of Class A Equity Shares not holding any CCCPs), the Class A Equity Shares held by such shareholder shall carry 1 (one) vote each. In the event of liquidation of the Company, the holders of all class of equity shares will be entitled to receive the remaining assets of the Company. The distribution of the remaining assets of the Company will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

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(c) Terms of conversion/ redemption of CCCPS

During the previous year ended March 31, 2017, the Company issued 15,830,720 series C CCCPS of Rs. 10 as bonus shares by way of capitalisation of securities premium. The Company declares and pays dividends in Indian Rupees. The dividend proposed by the Board of Directors is subject to the approval of the shareholders in the ensuing Annual General Meeting. Each holder of CCCPS is entitled to one vote per share only on resolutions placed before the Company which directly affect the rights attached to CCCPS.

Each holder of CCCPS can opt to convert its preference shares into equity shares at any time at the option of the holder of the CCCPS subject to compliance with applicable laws, at the conversion price then in effect, upon the expiry of (i) one day prior to the expiry of 20 years from the date of allotment or (ii) in connection with an IPO or any subsequent IPO, prior to the filing of prospectus (or equivalent document, by whatever name called) by the Company with the competent authority or such later date as may be permitted under applicable laws.

The CCCPS shall be converted into equity shares at the conversion price based on an initial conversion price as adjusted from time to time which is to be determined at the time of conversion.

If the holder exercises its conversion option, each CCCPS will be converted into that number obtained by dividing the total amount actually paid by the CCCPS holder by the applicable conversion price at the time in effect for such CCCPS. No fractional shares shall be issued upon conversion of the CCCPS and the number of equity shares to be issued shall be rounded to the nearest whole share.

Any proceeds remaining after full payment of the preference amount and the promoter's entitlement shall be distributed pari passu among the holders of the Series A CCCPS, Series B CCCPS, Series C CCCPS and holders of the Equity Shares on a pro rata, as-of-converted basis.

d) Aggregate number of bonus shares issued, shares issued for consideration other than cash and shares bought back during the period of five years immediately preceding the reporting date:

	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017
Equity shares allotted as fully paid bonus shares by capitalization of securities premium	28,147,200	28,147,200
Class A1 equity shares allotted as fully paid bonus shares by capitalization of securities premium	3,200	3,200
Class A2 equity shares allotted as fully paid bonus shares by capitalization of securities premium	3,200	3,200
Preference shares allotted as fully paid bonus shares by capitalization of securities premium	15,830,720	15,830,720

e) Details of shareholding more than 5% shares in the Company:

Name of the shareholder	March 31, 2018		March 31, 2017	
	No.	% holding	No.	% holding
Equity shares of Rs. 10 each fully paid				
Emmont Jalan	10,237,500	35.81%	10,237,500	35.81%
Arifa Jalan	6,987,500	24.44%	6,987,500	24.44%
Kamalagred Jalan	1,657,500	5.80%	1,657,500	5.80%
Taradevi Jalan	1,891,045	6.62%	1,891,045	6.62%
Parag Jalan	1,625,000	5.68%	1,625,000	5.68%
Halogen Chemicals Private Limited - India	4,958,070	17.34%	4,958,070	17.34%
Class A1 Equity shares of Rs. 10 each fully paid				
Sequoia Capital India Investments IV - Mauritius	3,200	100.00%	3,200	100.00%
Class A2 Equity shares of Rs. 10 each fully paid				
Sequoia Capital India Investments IV - Mauritius	3,200	100.00%	3,200	100.00%
Series A1 CCCPS of Rs. 100 each fully paid				
Sequoia Capital India Investments IV - Mauritius	69,904	100.00%	69,904	100.00%
Series A2 CCCPS of Rs. 100 each fully paid				
Sequoia Capital India Investments IV - Mauritius	46,586	100.00%	46,586	100.00%
Series B CCCPS of Rs. 100 each fully paid				
SCI Investments V - Mauritius	130,865	100.00%	130,865	100.00%
Series C CCCPS of Rs. 10 each fully paid				
Sequoia Capital India Investments IV - Mauritius	7,455,360	47.09%	7,455,360	47.09%
SCI Investments V - Mauritius	8,375,360	52.91%	8,375,360	52.91%

As per records of the Company, including its register of the shareholders members and other declarations received from shareholders regarding beneficial interest, the above shareholding represents the legal ownership of shares.



Indigo Paints Private Limited
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1. Reserves and surplus

	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017
Securities premium account		
Balance as per last financial statements	935,416,795	1,375,259,995
Less: amount utilized toward issue of fully paid bonus shares	-	(419,841,200)
Closing balance	<u>935,416,795</u>	<u>935,416,795</u>
General reserve		
Balance as per last financial statements	4,378,023	4,378,023
Closing balance	<u>4,378,023</u>	<u>4,378,023</u>
Employee stock options outstanding		
Gross employee stock compensation for options granted in earlier years	-	-
Add: gross compensation for options granted during the year (refer note 17)	-	-
Closing balance	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Deficit in the Statement of profit and loss		
Balance as per last financial statements	(152,178,427)	(93,485,285)
Profit/(loss) for the year	25,702,165	(158,587,946)
Less: Dividend on preference shares	(1,830)	(1,830)
Less: Tax on preference dividend	(387)	(366)
Net deficit in the statement of profit and loss	<u>426,475,481</u>	<u>(282,175,427)</u>
Total reserves and surplus	<u>711,319,337</u>	<u>687,619,391</u>

2. Long - term borrowings

	Non-current portion		Current maturities	
	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017
Term loans (secured)				
Indian Rupee loan from bank	86,502,681	79,537,214	41,900,220	28,169,231
Other loans (secured)				
Loan against movable assets	2,625,841	2,863,342	878,470	702,601
	<u>89,128,522</u>	<u>82,400,556</u>	<u>42,778,690</u>	<u>28,871,832</u>
Amount disclosed under the head "other current liabilities" (refer note 8)	-	-	42,778,690	28,871,832
Total long-term borrowings	<u>89,128,522</u>	<u>82,400,556</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>

a. Term loan

India Rupee loan from bank comprises of 5 term loans having interest in the range of 9.50% p.a. to 9.83% p.a. (March 31, 2017: 11.23% p.a. to 9.87% p.a.). Term loans 1 to 3 taken from Federal Bank are secured by hypothecation of land and building at SHCCOT Industrial Estate, Tamil Nadu and moveable plant & machinery and Term loans 4 to 5 taken from HDFC Bank are secured by hypothecation of land in AY No. (126/103 & 150/103) of Thakkankaran North Village in Major Industrial Estate Kalamassery and land and building at F-910 & 911 SRBCO Industrial Area, Phase IV, Borstada, Indapur, Rajarathna and moveable plant & machinery. The loan amount and repayment schedule of each loan is given below:

- i. Term loan 1 - Rs. 65 million repayable in 60 equal monthly instalments till March 2020
- ii. Term loan 2 - Rs. 23 million repayable in 60 equal monthly instalments till March 2020
- iii. Term loan 3 - Rs. 62 million repayable in 60 equal monthly instalments beginning from November 2017
- iv. Term loan 4 - Rs. 7.90 million repayable in 60 equal monthly instalments till January 2023 commencing from August 2018
- v. Term loan 5 - Rs. 22.5 million repayable in 60 equal monthly instalments till January 2023 commencing from August 2018

b. The loans against movable assets hypothecated for vehicles carries an interest rate in the range of 8.90% p.a. to 9.54% p.a. Loans are repayable in 60 equal monthly instalments till June 2021 and February 2023



Indigo Paints Private Limited
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6. Provisions

	Non-current		Current	
	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017
Provision for employee benefits				
Provision for gratuity (refer note 25)	-	4,125,116	1,453,360	3,780,000
Other provisions				
Provision for taxation (net of advance tax)	-	-	-	1,044,922
Proposed CCCPS dividend	-	-	1,977	2,147
Provision for dividend preference dividend	-	-	837	430
Total provisions	-	4,125,116	1,455,157	6,831,000

7. Short-term borrowings (secured)

	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017
Cash credit from banks	162,344,924	181,967,683
Working capital demand loan	55,457,781	55,472,243
Packing credit in foreign currency	8,673,161	15,396,392
Total short-term borrowings	226,475,866	252,836,320

Cash credit facilities from bank carries interest in the range of 9.35% p.a. to 11.40% p.a., linked to base rate. The loan is secured by creating first charge by way of hypothecation of inventory and trade receivables, both present and future of the Company, land and building at Plot A & 911 & 9904 at GPO, RICO Industrial Area, Phase IV, Borivli, Andhera and charge on plant and machinery of the Company, and lien on fixed deposit of Rs. 20,000,000. Additional charge on Mutual fund investments of the Company.

Working capital demand loan from bank carries interest of 8.85% p.a. (March 31, 2017: in the range of 11% to 8.85% p.a. (1 year MCLR + 0.95%)). The loan is secured by hypothecation of inventory and trade receivables, both present and future, of the Company. The loan is repayable within 12 months.

Packing credit loan carries interest at 6 M.L.Bor + 300 bps. The loan is secured by way of hypothecation of inventory meant for export.

Term loan, cash credit facilities, working capital demand loan and packing credit in foreign currency is collaterally secured by hypothecation of land and building at SV No 1126/11/3 & 150/152 of Thakaskaran North Village in Major Industrial Estate, Kalamassery, Kerala and additional charge on leasehold land and building at SIPCOT Industrial Estate, Padakkani, Tamil Nadu and all Plant and Machinery, other movable assets at Kalamassery and Padakkani along with all current assets (both present and future) of the Company.

8. Trade payables and other liabilities

	Non-current		Current	
	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017
Trade payables - total outstanding dues to:				
- micro and small enterprises (refer note 32)	-	-	87,908,647	69,259,213
- creditors other than micro and small enterprises	-	-	1,030,698,262	777,639,891
	-	-	1,118,606,909	846,899,104
Other liabilities				
Payable for property, plant and equipment	-	-	-	784,932
Current maturities of long-term borrowings (refer note 5)	-	-	42,778,690	23,371,832
Interest accrued and due on borrowings	-	-	-	883,593
Advance from customers	-	-	16,547,292	6,136,653
Interest-free refundable security deposits	-	-	1,700,000	1,700,000
Deferred revenue (interest free customer balance) (Also refer note 6 and 16.2)	17,891,012	-	1,190,006	-
Statutory dues payable *	-	-	85,558,166	72,949,066
	17,891,012	-	149,774,364	130,225,476
Total trade payables and other liabilities	17,891,012	-	1,268,381,273	986,924,580

* includes payable on account of withholding tax, goods and service tax, entry tax, VAT, CST, professions tax, provident fund, employees state insurance etc.



Indigo Paints Private Limited
Notes to financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2018
 (All amounts in Rupees, unless otherwise stated)

10. Deferred tax assets (net)

	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017
Deferred tax liability		
Fixed assets: Impact of difference between tax depreciation and depreciation charged for the financial reporting	44,995,471	44,008,161
Others	7,132,127	-
Gross deferred tax liability	52,127,598	44,008,161
Deferred tax asset		
Impact of expenditure charged to the Statement of profit and loss in the current year but allowed for tax purposes on payment basis	3,293,528	7,353,563
Provision for doubtful debts and advances	3,090,000	1,738,593
Others	2,089,888	4,396,373
Impact of unabsorbed depreciation and business loss (To the extent of liabilities)	41,634,187	30,700,132
Gross deferred tax asset	52,127,598	44,008,161
Net deferred tax asset	-	-

11. Loans and advances

	Non-current		Current	
	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017
Capital advances				
Unsecured, considered good	24,183,383	2,481,347	-	-
(A)	24,183,385	2,481,347	-	-
Security deposits				
Unsecured, considered good	6,879,436	5,268,398	2,532,852	2,741,189
(B)	6,879,436	5,268,398	2,532,852	2,741,189
Advances recoverable in cash or kind				
Unsecured, considered good	-	-	9,716,137	2,971,503
(C)	-	-	9,716,137	2,971,503
Other loans and advances				
Advance income-tax (net of provision for taxation)	1,737,428	1,283,815	-	-
Prepaid expenses	840,348	11,382	7,727,834	4,351,466
Balance with statutory/government authorities	-	-	468,831	11,702,431
(D)	2,578,776	1,295,197	8,196,665	16,053,917
Total loans and advances (A+B+C+D)	33,641,697	9,076,901	26,494,654	21,766,609

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Indigo Paints Private Limited
Notes to financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2018
 (All amounts in Rupees, unless otherwise stated)

12. Current investments

	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017
Quoted investments (Valued at lower of cost and fair value, unless stated otherwise)		
Investments in mutual funds (refer note 12 (a))	150,000,000	154,999,850
Total current investments	150,000,000	154,999,850
Aggregate market value of quoted investments	184,343,313	177,717,633

a) Details of quoted investments

	Face value	March 31, 2018		March 31, 2017	
		Units	Value	Units	Value
HDFC Short Term Plan-Growth	10	1,069,572	30,000,000	1,069,572	30,000,000
Bata SE - ST Opportunities Fund Reg (G)	10	1,271,240	30,000,000	1,271,240	30,000,000
KICIT Pro - Regular Savings Fund Reg (G)	10	1,974,250	30,000,000	1,974,250	30,000,000
Franklin - India Income Oppi Fund (G)	10	1,796,364	30,000,000	1,796,364	30,000,000
L&T - Income Opportunities Fund (G)	10	1,861,550	30,000,000	1,861,550	30,000,000
DSP BlackRock Banking and PSU Debt Fund - Reg - (G)	10	-	-	181,887	4,000,850
Total quoted investments			150,000,000		154,999,850

* Includes Rs.60,000,000 (March 31, 2017: Rs Nil) pledged against overdraft and Rs. 150,000,000 (March 31, 2017: Rs. Nil) as secondary collateral against term loan from HDFC Bank.

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Indigo Paints Private Limited
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11. Inventories (valued at lower of cost and net realisable value)

	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017
Raw materials and components		
Finished goods	204,035,549	182,645,809
Traded goods	289,291,341	122,117,604
Total inventories	14,321,181	10,826,194
	507,648,070	475,491,887

14.1 Trade receivables

	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017
Outstanding for a period exceeding six months from the date they are due for payment		
Unsecured, considered good		
Doubtful	24,098,196	29,609,820
	18,000,000	5,889,821
Provision for doubtful receivables	34,098,196	35,299,141
	(10,000,000)	(15,889,821)
Others receivables	24,098,196	29,609,820
Unsecured, considered good		
	1,916,554,228	735,090,073
Total trade receivables	1,814,554,228	755,090,073
	1,840,652,424	784,699,893

14.2 Other assets

	Non-current		Current	
	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017
Non-current bank balances (refer note 15)				
Interest accrued on fixed deposits	20,095,000	95,000	-	-
	700,778	-	-	4,084,921
Total other assets	20,858,778	95,000	-	4,084,921

18. Cash and bank balances

	Non-current		Current	
	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017
Cash and cash equivalents				
Balances with banks				
- On current account	-	-	45,308,485	44,777,143
Cash on hand	-	-	934,108	1,190,147
Other bank balances *	-	-	46,234,593	46,967,490
- Deposits with remaining maturity of less than twelve months	-	-	201,855	30,143,921
- Deposits with remaining maturity of more than twelve months	20,095,000	95,000	-	-
	20,095,000	95,000	201,855	30,143,921
Amount disclosed under non-current assets (refer note 14.2)	(20,095,000)	(95,000)	-	-
Total cash and bank balances	-	-	46,435,448	77,111,411

* includes Rs. 20,000,000 (March 31, 2017: Rs. 20,000,000) pledged against short-term borrowings.

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Indigo Paints Private Limited
Notes to financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2018
 (All amounts in Rupees, unless otherwise stated)

16.1. Revenue from operations

	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017
Revenue from operations (net)		
Sale of manufactured goods	4,058,786,025	2,832,136,703
Sale of traded goods	58,771,606	18,408,963
Revenue from operations (net)	4,117,557,631	2,850,545,666

Excise duty on sales amounting to Rs. 64,939,653 (March 31, 2017: Rs. 438,083,724) has been reduced from sales in Statement of profit and loss and excise duty on (decrease) / increase in inventory amounting to Rs. Nil (March 31, 2017: Rs. 2,894,450) has been considered as expenses in note 23 of financial statements. The amount of Rs. (10,351,737) represents reversal of excise duty calculated on the opening stock of inventory. No excise duty liability has been recognised on closing stock owing to introduction of goods and service tax replacing excise duty with effect from July 1, 2017.

Revenue from operations for periods up to June 30, 2017 includes excise duty. From July 01, 2017 onwards the excise duty and most indirect taxes in India have been replaced Goods and Service Tax (GST). The Company collects GST on behalf of the Government. Hence, GST is not included in Revenue from operations. In view of the aforesaid change in indirect taxes, Revenue from operations year ended March 31, 2018 is not with comparable March 31, 2017.

16.2. Other operating revenue

	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017
Scrap sales	17,678,290	16,525,203
Timing machine	-	8,040,117
Amortisation of deferred income (also refer note 8 and 9)	2,776,899	-
Other operating revenue (net)	20,455,189	24,565,320

Details of products sold

	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017
Paints and others	4,058,786,025	2,832,136,703
	4,058,786,025	2,832,136,703

Traded goods sold

	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017
Stainers and machine colourant	58,771,606	11,242,967
Paints and others	-	14,165,996
	58,771,606	18,408,963

17. Other income

	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017
Interest income on bank deposits	1,564,794	8,565,442
Dividend income on current investments	391,834	1,144,013
Profit on sale of fixed assets (net)	-	380,000
Foreign exchange differences (net)	1,034,032	862,890
Liabilities/provisions no longer required written back	-	3,319,043
Miscellaneous income	1,410,878	892,150
Total other income	4,401,538	10,963,508

18. Cost of raw material and components consumed

	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017
Inventory at the beginning of the year	142,645,809	38,377,840
Add: On account of amalgamation (refer note 39)	-	66,093,094
Add: purchases	2,277,588,251	1,718,336,190
	2,420,234,060	1,822,806,924
Less: inventory at the end of the year	204,033,549	142,645,809
Cost of raw materials and components consumed	2,216,198,511	1,680,161,115

Details of cost of raw material and components consumed

	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017
Binders	396,404,949	275,013,252
Fillers	181,776,131	134,882,504
Packing materials	361,470,063	256,523,852
Others	1,276,547,368	1,031,731,807
	2,216,198,511	1,680,161,115

Indigo Paints Private Limited
Notes to financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2018
(All amounts in Rupees, unless otherwise stated)

19. Decrease/(increase) in inventories of finished goods and traded goods

	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017
Inventories at the end of the year		
Finished goods	289,291,341	322,117,604
Traded goods	14,321,180	10,628,194
	<u>303,612,521</u>	<u>332,745,798</u>
Inventories at the beginning of the year		
Finished goods	322,117,604	103,195,779
Traded goods	10,628,394	8,019,230
	<u>332,745,998</u>	<u>111,215,009</u>
Adjustment on account of amalgamation (refer note 19)		
Finished goods		101,642,293
		<u>101,642,293</u>
Total decrease/(increase) in inventories of finished goods and traded goods	29,133,477	(119,888,699)

Details of purchases of traded goods

	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017
Purchase of tinting machine	-	26,688,078
Purchase of master / machine colourant	55,695,229	33,078,127
	<u>55,695,229</u>	<u>64,786,205</u>

20. Employee benefits expense

	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017
Salaries, wages and bonus	180,627,161	118,386,579
Contribution to provident and other funds	7,389,409	7,561,297
Gratuity (income) / expense (refer note 25)	(678,512)	6,808,638
Staff welfare expenses	5,814,430	4,179,651
Total employee benefits expense	292,932,488	236,936,165

21. Depreciation and amortization expense

	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017
Depreciation on property, plant and equipment (refer note 9.1)	87,452,190	38,155,709
Amortization of intangible assets (refer note 9.2)	102,615,295	102,587,540
Total depreciation and amortization expense	170,078,475	146,703,309

22. Finance costs

	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017
Interest expense	38,073,960	26,614,689
Total finance costs	38,073,960	26,614,689

23. Other expenses

	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017
Consumption of stores and spares	12,925,290	10,918,765
Contract labour charges	34,738,567	26,921,989
Power and fuel	10,633,553	14,762,630
Freight and forwarding charges	437,654,482	323,071,165
(Decrease) / increase in excise duty on inventories of finished goods	(18,351,717)	2,894,830
Rent (refer note 26)	33,401,335	24,371,933
Rates and taxes	4,485,719	13,882,233
Insurance expenses	928,977	2,241,446
Repairs and maintenance		
Plant and machinery	7,999,471	3,167,102
Others	4,345,792	4,055,918
Advertisement and sales promotion	410,264,375	319,667,827
Sales commission	4,906,686	26,862,498
Business promotion expenses	248,264,657	187,031,850
Travelling and conveyance	37,242,124	44,784,542
Communication expense	4,824,032	4,402,961
Legal and professional charges	9,865,399	12,609,991
Payment to auditors		
Audit fees	2,300,000	2,100,000
Certification fee	-	25,000
Out of pocket expenses	90,717	67,846
Provision for doubtful debts / bad debts written off	9,571,268	5,199,330
Miscellaneous expenses	18,645,650	16,616,567
Total other expenses	1,394,736,282	1,049,655,923

Indigo Paints Private Limited
Notes to financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2018
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24. Earnings per share

The following reflects the profit/(loss) and share data used in the basic and diluted loss per share computations:

	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017
Profit/(loss) after tax	23,702,163	(138,687,946)
Less: dividends on convertible preference shares and tax thereon	(2,217)	(2,196)
Net profit/(loss) for calculation of basic EPS	25,699,946	(138,690,142)
Net profit/(loss) as above	25,699,946	(138,690,142)
Add: dividends on convertible preference shares and tax thereon	2,217	2,196
Net profit/(loss) for calculation of diluted EPS	25,702,163	(138,687,946)
Computation of weighted average number of shares		
	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017
Calculation of weighted number of shares of Rs. 10 each		
Number of shares outstanding for 365 days	28,593,500	439,900
Number of shares outstanding for 137 days	-	-
Adjustment for issue of bonus shares	-	28,153,600
Weighted average number of equity shares in calculating basic EPS	28,593,500	28,593,500
Effect of dilution:		
Convertible preference shares *	16,079,073	Refer note
Stock options granted under ESOP *	400,165	Refer note
Weighted average number of equity shares in calculating diluted EPS	43,160,948	28,593,500
Nominal value of shares (Rs.)	10	10
Basic earnings/(loss) per share (Rs.)	0.90	(3.52)
Diluted earnings/(loss) per share (Rs.) (refer notes below)	0.57	(3.52)

* For the year ended March 31, 2017, Diluted potential equity shares including CCCPS is anti-dilutive and accordingly, the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year for calculation of basic EPS is used for calculation of diluted EPS.

25. Gratuity

The Company operates a defined benefit gratuity plan for its employees. Under the gratuity plan, every employee who has completed five years or more of service gets a gratuity on departure or 15 days salary (last drawn salary) for each completed year of service. For certain class of employees, the gratuity will be paid at 30 days salary (last drawn salary) for each completed year of service post their completion of 20 years of employment. The plan is funded with LC by the Company.

The following table summarizes the components of net benefit expense recognized in the Statement of profit and loss and the amounts recognized in the balance sheet for the respective plan.

Statement of profit and loss

Net employee benefit expense recognized in the employee cost

	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017
Current service cost	1,987,009	3,748,825
Interest cost on benefit obligation	1,032,474	199,141
Expected return on plan assets	(819,139)	(729,233)
Net actuarial (gain)/loss recognized in the year	(2,858,850)	1,589,903
Net benefit expense/(income)	(678,512)	8,808,638
Actual return on plan assets	-	-

Balance sheet (Benefit assets/(liabilities))

	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017
Present value of defined benefit obligation	(15,586,122)	(19,643,532)
Fair value of plan assets	14,132,256	11,772,916
Plan (liability)	(1,453,863)	(7,945,516)

Changes in the present value of the defined benefit obligation are as follows:

	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017
Opening defined benefit obligation	19,681,022	2,580,406
Liability on account of amalgamation (Refer note - 40)	-	10,257,994
Current service cost	1,987,009	3,748,825
Interest cost	1,032,474	199,141
Benefits paid	(4,220,596)	(693,239)
Actuarial gain/loss on obligation	(2,858,797)	1,589,903
Closing defined benefit obligation	15,586,122	19,681,022



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Changes in the fair value of plan assets are as follows:

	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017
Opening fair value of plan assets	11,777,916	-
Acquired on account of amalgamation (refer note 30)	-	8,202,148
Expected return	833,139	729,233
Contributions by employee	2,473,883	2,839,774
Benefits paid	(881,233)	(691,339)
Actuarial (losses)	(36,911)	-
Closing fair value of plan assets	14,132,794	11,777,916

The Company's expected contribution to the fund in the next year is not presently ascertainable and hence, the contribution expected to be paid to the plan during the annual period beginning after the balance sheet date as required by paragraph 120(c) of the Accounting Standard 15 (revised) on employee benefits has not been disclosed.

The major categories of plan assets as a percentage of the fair value of total plan assets are as follows:-

	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017
Investments with interest	100%	100%

The overall expected rate of return on assets is determined based on the market prices prevailing on that date, applicable to the period over which the obligation is to be settled.

The principal assumptions used in determining gratuity benefit obligations for the Company's plans are shown below:

	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017
Discount rate	7.60%	7.35%
Employee turnover	7.60%	7.20%
Salary escalation*	4.00%	5.00%

*The estimates of future salary increases, considered in actuarial valuation, take account of inflation, seniority, promotion and other relevant factors, such as supply and demand in the employment market.

Amounts for the current year and the previous two years are as follows:

	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017	March 31, 2016	March 31, 2015
Defined benefit obligation	12,546,122	19,683,032	2,580,406	2,256,029
Plan assets	14,132,794	11,777,916	-	-
(Deficit)	(1,401,303)	(7,903,118)	(2,380,406)	(2,256,029)
Experience adjustments on plan liabilities	(2,670,804)	1,048,075	(423,727)	1,030,945
Actuarial (gain)/loss due to change in assumptions	(333,159)	541,836	(13,270)	(1,030,945)
Experience adjustments on plan assets	36,911	(729,233)	-	-

Since the Company has adopted revised AS-15 from the year 2014-15, the disclosure for defined benefit obligation and plan assets have been provided to the extent available from the data and revised AS-15 is being experienced.

26. Leases

Operating lease - Company as lessee

The Company has taken office premises under non-cancellable operating lease agreement for a period of 5 years. There are no restrictions placed upon the Company by entering into the lease. Maximum obligation of long-term non-cancellable operating lease payable as per the rentals stated in respective agreement is as follows:

	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017
Lease for office premises	11,401,335	24,371,011
Maximum lease payments for non-cancellable leases		
Not later than one year	3,334,630	1,134,241
Later than one year but not later than five years	8,098,152	1,923,197
Later than five years	-	-

Also refer note 19 and 10.2 for details of assets held by third party and related income on such assets.

27. Employee stock option scheme (adjusted for issue of bonus shares)

1. The Company has provided following share-based payment schemes to its employees:

Particulars	Employee stock option scheme 2014	Employee stock option scheme 2015	Employee stock option scheme 2016	Employee stock option scheme 2017
Date of grant	December 07, 2014	December 14, 2015 & March 07, 2016	December 05, 2016	December 05, 2017
Date of board approval	December 07, 2014	November 30, 2015 & February 24, 2016	December 03, 2016	December 05, 2017
Date of shareholder's approval	December 06, 2014	December 06, 2014	December 06, 2016	December 06, 2017
Number of options granted	461,109	303,875	101,375	39,000
Method of settlement	Equity settled	Equity settled	Equity settled	Equity settled
Vesting period	3.5 years	4 years	4 years	4 years
Exercise period	1.5 years	4 years	4 years	4 years
Expected life	4 years	4 years	4 years	4 years
Fair value of shares on date of grant	Rs 66.17	Rs 106.15	Rs 106.15	Rs 106.15
Vesting conditions	Vesting based on continued association with the Company	Vesting based on continued association with the Company	Vesting based on continued association with the Company	Vesting based on continued association with the Company



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g. The details of activities under the scheme have been summarized below:

	March 31, 2018		March 31, 2017	
	Number of options	Weighted average exercise price (Rs.)	Number of options	Weighted average exercise price (Rs.)
Outstanding at the beginning of the year	843,000	84.73	763,375	82.03
Granted during the year	19,900	106.15	102,175	106.11
Forfeited during the year	-	-	(22,730)	-
Expired during the year	-	-	-	-
Outstanding at the end of the year	862,900	85.71	842,600	84.73
Exercisable at the end of the year	-	-	-	-

There was no exercise of options during the year. The weighted average remaining contractual life for the stock options outstanding as at March 31, 2018 is in the range of 0.18 years - 3 years (March 31, 2017: 1.68 years - 3.11 years).

h. The details of exercise price for stock options outstanding at the end of the year are:

	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017
Exercise price (Rs.)	Rs. 96.15 - Rs. 106.15	Rs. 96.15 - Rs. 106.15
Number of options outstanding	862,900	842,600
Weighted average remaining contractual life of options (in years)	0.18 to 3	1.68 to 3.11
Weighted average share price (Rs.)	85.71	84.73

iv. Stock options granted:

The weighted average fair value of stock options granted during the year was Rs. 17.64 (March 31, 2017: Rs. 15.64). The Black and Scholes valuation model has been used for computing the weighted average fair value considering the following inputs:

	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017
Weighted average share price (Rs.)	85.71	84.73
Exercise Price (Rs.)	Rs. 96.15 - Rs. 106.15	Rs. 96.15 - Rs. 106.15
Expected volatility (%)	30.00%	11.49%
Expected life of the options granted (in years)	3.2	4
Average risk-free interest rate (%)	7.30%	6.12%
Dividend yield	0.00%	0.00%

v. Effect of the employee share-based payment plans on the Statement of profit and loss and on its financial position

Compensation expense arising from equity-settled employee share based payment plans for the year ended March 31, 2018 amounted to Rs. Nil (March 31, 2017: Rs. Nil). The liability for employee stock options outstanding as at March 31, 2018 is Rs. Nil (March 31, 2017: Rs. Nil).

vi. Proforma disclosures by applying fair value method

The Company measures the cost of ESOP using the intrinsic value method as required by the Guidance Note on Accounting for Employee Share-based Payments issued by the ICAI. The impact on reported net profit and Earnings per Share by applying the fair value method is set out as follows:

	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017
Profit/(Loss) after tax as reported	25,702,163	(158,687,946)
Add: Employee stock compensation under intrinsic value method	-	-
Less: Employee stock compensation under fair value method	6,798,852	5,734,929
Proforma profit/(Loss) after tax	18,903,310	(164,422,875)
Earnings Per Share		
Basic		
- As reported	0.90	(5.55)
- Pro forma	0.67	(5.75)
Diluted*		
- As reported	0.57	(3.55)
- Pro forma	0.42	(5.75)

* Dilutive potential equity shares including CCCPS is anti-dilutive and accordingly, the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year for calculation of basic EPS is used for calculation of diluted EPS.

28. Capital and other commitments

i) The estimated amounts of contract remaining to be executed on capital account and not provided for are Rs. 81,782,376 (net of advances: Rs. 24,383,383) (March 31, 2017: Rs. 12,977,122 (net of advances: Rs. 2,461,347)).

ii) For commitments relating to lease arrangements, refer note 26.



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25. Contingent liabilities

	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017
Sales tax + C. forms	1,372,683	10,733,347
Income tax matters	1,898,133	3,898,130
Excise and service tax related matters	11,191,932	14,986,536
Other employee related matters	-	2,651,829
Total	13,462,747	48,271,892

The management based on its assessment, believes that the outcome of these contingencies will be favourable, but not profitable, and accordingly no provision for liability has been recognised in the financial statements.

26. Related party transactions

Names of related parties and related party relationship

Halsen Chemicals Private Limited - India Associate Company

Key managerial person (KMP)

Hemant Jalan	Managing Director
Anita Jalan	Director
Komaladevi Venugopal Narasimhan	Director
Sudip Bose	Company Secretary

Relative of KMP

Vinay Menon

Related party transactions

The following table provides the total amount of transactions that have been entered into with related parties for the relevant financial year:

	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017
a. Transactions during the year		
Purchase of goods*		
Halsen Chemicals Private Limited	2,158,360	1,952,362
Lease rentals		
Halsen Chemicals Private Limited	300,000	300,000
Sale of freehold land and building		
Komaladevi Venugopal Narasimhan	-	16,400,000
b. Remuneration paid		
Salary allowances and bonus**		
Hemant Jalan	8,000,000	4,800,000
Anita Jalan	600,000	600,000
Komaladevi Venugopal Narasimhan	6,519,542	3,883,758
Vinay Menon	2,200,392	1,554,040
Sudip Bose	19,464	-
c. Balances at the year end		
Trade payables and other liabilities		
Halsen Chemicals Private Limited	27,443	136,053
Remuneration payable		
Hemant Jalan	325,571	-
Anita Jalan	48,387	-

* includes applicable indirect taxes

** The remuneration does not include the provisions made for gratuity

31. Segment disclosure

Identification of segments:

Business segment

The entire operation is governed by the same set of risk and return and hence considered as representing a single primary segment and not analysed separately.

Geographical segment

The analysis of geographical segments is based on the areas in which major operating divisions of the Company operate.

Primary segment

The Company is exclusively engaged in the business of manufacturing of decorative paints. Accordingly these activities comprises of primary basis of segment information as per Accounting Standard 11 "Segment Reporting" set out in these financial statements.

Secondary segment

The analysis of geographical segments is based on the geographical location of the customers as the Company's products are predominantly in India, with the same set of risks and returns. There are no reportable geographical segments identified.



Indigo Paints Private Limited
Notes to financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2018
 (All amounts in Rupees, unless otherwise stated)

32. Details of dues to micro and small enterprises as defined under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprise Development Act, 2006 (MSMED Act, 2006)

Particulars	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017
The principal amount and the interest due thereon remaining unpaid in any way (say as at the end of each accounting year)		
— Principal amount due to micro and small enterprises	87,908,647	69,239,213
— Interest due on above	1,56,943	680,033
The amount of interest paid by the buyer in terms of section 16, of the MSMED Act, 2006 along with the amounts of the payment made to the supplier beyond the appointed day during each accounting year	-	-
The amount of interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payment (which have been paid but beyond the appointed day during the year) but without adding the interest specified under MSMED Act, 2006	-	-
The amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of each accounting year	1,786,032	1,040,084
The amount of further interest remaining due and payable even at the succeeding years, until such date when the interest dues as above are actually paid to the small enterprise for the purpose of disallowance as a deductible expenditure under section 21 of the MSMED Act, 2006	-	-

33. Value of imports calculated on CIF basis

	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017
Capital assets	1,809,966	22,005,750
Raw materials and components	25,291,406	11,569,480
Total	27,098,432	33,575,230

34. Expenditure in foreign currency (on accrual basis)

	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017
Business promotion expenses	1,246,636	2,116,052
Repairs and maintenance	983,572	136,089
Traveling and conveyance	235,080	194,202
Advertisement expenses	318,645	-
Total	2,889,933	2,446,343

35. Earnings in foreign currency (on accrual basis)

	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017
Revenue from operations	31,736,567	31,147,323
Total	31,736,567	31,147,323

36. Imported and indigenous raw material, components and spare parts consumed

	March 31, 2018		March 31, 2017	
	% of total consumption	Value Amount (Rs.)	% of total consumption	Value Amount (Rs.)
Raw materials and components consumed				
Imported	2.07%	23,788,799	0.64%	10,789,893
Indigenously obtained	97.93%	2,216,359,511	99.36%	1,650,361,112
Total	100.00%	2,216,359,511	100.00%	1,650,361,112
Stores and spares consumed				
Imported	0.00%	-	0.00%	-
Indigenously obtained	100.00%	12,925,290	100.00%	10,518,765
Total	100.00%	12,925,290	100.00%	10,518,765

37. Disclosure for Specified Bank Notes

Disclosure of details of Specified Bank Notes (SBNs) held and transacted during the period November 8, 2016 to December 30, 2016 has been provided in the table below:

	SBNs	Other denomination notes *	Total
Closing cash in hand as on November 8, 2016	1,251,000	731,700	2,072,700
(+) Permitted receipts	57,000	9,476,486	9,533,486
(-) Permitted payments	18,300	7,211,028	7,229,328
(-) Amount deposited at Banks	1,389,700	1,375,811	2,765,511
Closing cash in hand as on December 30, 2016	-	1,689,296	1,689,296

* Permitted receipts and payments of other denomination notes disclosed above should not be construed as permitted receipts and permitted payments as permitted by RBI from time to time pursuant to the introduction of the demonetisation scheme by the Government vide RBI circular - RBI/2016-17/112 dated 8 November 2016. These are general receipts and payments of other denomination notes.

The disclosures with respect to banking of and dealings in specified bank notes is not applicable to the Company for the year ended March 31, 2018.



Indigo Paints Private Limited
Notes to financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2018
 (All amounts in Rupees, unless otherwise stated)

38. Unbridged Foreign Currency Exposures

Particulars of unbridged foreign currency exposures as at the reporting date

	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017
Trade receivables	4,140,175	2,037,173

39. Composite scheme of amalgamation

Amalgamation of Companies

The Board of Directors of the Company at their meeting held on July 11, 2016 agreed the Scheme between the Company and HBC. The Scheme was approved by the National Company Law Tribunal, Mumbai Bench ("NCLT") vide its order dated March 07, 2017 (Appointed date: April 01, 2016) under sections 230 to 231 of the Act. Pursuant to the said NCLT order, HBC merged with the Company. Consequently, HBC ceased to exist effective April 01, 2016 and the entire business and undertaking comprising all the assets and liabilities of HBC (herein referred to as "the Transferor Company") was transferred to and vested in the Company with effect from the appointed date on a going concern basis. The copy of the NCLT order was filed with the Registrar of Companies on April 03, 2017 ("Effective Date"). Accordingly, effects pursuant to amalgamation has been disclosed in the Comparative figures of previous year.

40. Exceptional item includes

- a. Loss on assets destroyed by fire amounting to Rs. 4,098,625.
- b. Loss on demolition of factory building at Kharadi plant amounting to Rs. 9,058,004.

41. Previous year comparative

Previous year's figures have been regrouped / reclassified where necessary to conform this year's classification.

As per our report of audit date

For SRBC & COLLP
 Chartered Accountants

ICAI Firm Registration No.: 324982E/1300603

[Signature]
 per Divyesh Chaudhary
 Partner
 Membership No.: 501160

Place: Pune
 Date: September 5, 2018



For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of
 Indigo Paints Private Limited

[Signature]

Bhawanilalan
 Managing Director
 DIN: 80342

Place: Pune
 Date: September 5, 2018



[Signature]
 SUJAY DOLF
 COMPANY SECRETARY
 A-45755

[Signature]
 Anshu Jahan
 Director
 DIN: 85411

Place: Pune
 Date: September 5, 2018